M-9998 US 708017 v2

## **Claims**

## We claim:

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1. A first-side optical data storage disk comprising:

a circular substrate having first and second principal surfaces;

a first metal/alloy layer overlying said first principal surface of said substrate;

a first transparent layer overlying said first metal/alloy layer; and a second metal/alloy layer overlying said first transparent layer, wherein each of said metal/alloy layers is adapted to be read by a laser beam that does not pass through said substrate.

2. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said first principal surface of said substrate comprises premastered data which includes a series of pits and/or bumps, said first metal/alloy layer conforming to the shape of said pits and/or bumps.

3 The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 2 wherein the transmissivity of said second metal/alloy layer at the wavelength of said laser beam is greater than 10%.

4. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 2 wherein said first metal/alloy layer/contains a writeable area.

5. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said first metal/alloy layer contains a writeable area.

6. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 5 wherein the transmissivity of said second metal/alloy layer at the wavelength of said laser beam is in the range of 25% to 50%.

7. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 5 wherein said second metal/alloy layer contains a writeable area.

8. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said second metal/alloy layer comprises premastered data which includes a series of pits and/or bumps.

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- 9. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said second metal/alloy layer contains a writeable area.
- 10. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said first metal/alloy layer comprises aluminum.
- The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 10 wherein said second metal/alloy layer comprises SbInSn.
  - 12. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 comprising:
    a third metal/alloy layer underlying said second principal surface of said substrate;

a second transparent layer underlying said third metal/alloy layer; and a fourth metal/ally layer underlying said second transparent layer.

- 13. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 12 wherein said second principal surface of said substrate comprises premastered data which includes a series of pits and/or bumps in said substrate, said third metal/alloy layer conforming to the shape of said pits and/or bumps.
- 14. The first-side/optical data storage disk of Claim 13 wherein said third metal/alloy layer contains a writeable area.
- 15. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 12 wherein said second metal/alloy layer comprises premastered data which includes a series of pits and/or bumps.
- 16. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 15 wherein said second metal/alloy layer contains a writeable area.
- 17. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 13 wherein said second metal/alloy layer contains a writeable area.
- 25 The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said substrate comprises polycarbonate.
  - /19. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said first transparent layer comprises a photopolymer resin.

- 20. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said first transparent layer comprises a curable polymer.
- 21. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said first transparent layer comprises a UV curable material.
- 5 22. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said substrate has a thickness in the range of 200 to 1000 μm.
  - 23. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 22 wherein said substrate has a thickness of approximately 500  $\mu m$ .
- The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said first
   transparent layer has a thickness in the range of 15 to 200 μm.
  - 25. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 24 wherein said first transparent layer has a thickness of approximately 50 μm.
  - 26. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 comprising a protective coating between said first metal/alloy layer and said first transparent layer.
- 15 27. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 comprising a protective coating overlying said second metal/alloy layer.
  - 28. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 27 comprising a second protective coating underlying said fourth metal/ally layer.
- 29. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 28 wherein said protective coating is exposed to the atmosphere.
  - 30. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein the reflectivity of said first and second metal/alloy layers at the wavelength of said laser beam is at least 15%.
- 731. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said disk is less than 30 mm in diameter.
  - 32. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 31 wherein said disk is at or below 32 mm in diameter.
  - 33. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 wherein said first metal/alloy layer is a read-only layer and said second metal/alloy layer comprises a -17-

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writeable area, said writeable area comprising a code which permits access to a portion of data recorded on the first metal/alloy layer.

34. The first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 33 wherein said codes permits access to a portion of data recorded on the second metal/alloy layer.

35. A method of reading data from the first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 comprising:

directing a laser beam such that the laser beam is partially reflected from and partially transmitted through the second metal/alloy layer:

detecting a first portion of the laser bean that is reflected from the first metal/alloy layer; and

detecting a second portion of the laser beam that is reflected from the second metal alloy layer.

- 36. The method of Claim 35 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength in the range of 350 to 450 nm.
- 37. The method of Claim 36 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength of approximately 400 nm.
- 38. The method of Claim 35 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength of approximately 650 nm.
- 39. A method of reading data from and/or writing data to the first-side optical data storage disk of Claim 1 comprising:

using a laser beam to read data from and/or write data to said first metal/alloy layer; and

using a laser beam to read data from and/or write data to said second metal/alloy layer

wherein said laser beam does not pass through said substrate.

- 40. The method of Claim 39 comprising detecting which of said metal/alloy layers is being read.
- 41. The method of Claim 40 wherein detecting which of said metal/alloy layers is being read comprises reading a data pattern written on one of said layers, said data pattern indicating the layer on which said data pattern is written.

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- 42. The method of Claim 41 wherein said data pattern is premastered.
- 43. The method of Claim 41 wherein said data pattern was written on said layer using a laser beam.
- 44. The method of Claim 40 wherein detecting which of said metal/alloy layers is being read comprises detecting the reflectivity of one of said metal/alloy layers.
  - 45. The method of Claim 40 wherein detecting which of said metal/alloy layers is being read comprises detecting a feature of a focus servo response curve.
  - 46. The method of Claim 39 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength in the range of 350 to 450 nm.
  - 47. The method of Claim 46 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength of approximately 400 nm.
    - 48. The method of Claim 39 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength of approximately 650 nm.
  - 49. A method of manufacturing a first-side dual-layer optical data storage disk comprising:

providing a substrate having data premastered on at least a first principal surface of said substrate;

depositing a first metal/alloy layer over said first principal surface;
depositing a layer of a curable liquid over said first metal/alloy layer;
embossing a data pattern on said layer of curable liquid;
curing and solidifying said layer of curable liquid; and
depositing a second metal/alloy layer over said solidified layer of curable

liquid.

- 50. The method of Claim 49 wherein embossing a data pattern on said curable liquid comprises applying a transparent stamper to said liquid and directing UV light onto said/liquid.
- 51. The method of Claim 50 wherein directing UV light onto said liquid comprises directing UV light through said transparent stamper.
- 52. The method of Claim 49 wherein depositing a second metal/alloy layer comprises sputtering.



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- 53. The method of Claim 49 wherein depositing a second metal/alloy layer comprises evaporation.
- 54. The method of Claim 49 wherein data is premastered on a second principal surface of said substrate, said method comprising:

depositing a third metal/alloy layer under said second principal surface; depositing a second layer of a curable liquid under said first metal/alloy

layer;

embossing a data pattern on said second layer of curable liquid; curing solidifying said second layer of curable liquid; and depositing a fourth metal/alloy layer under said layer of curable liquid.

55. The method of Claim 49 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength in the range of 350 to 450 nm.

56. The method of Claim 55 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength of approximately 400 nm.

57. The method of Claim 49 wherein the laser beam has a wavelength of approximately 650/nm.